

RSK1/RSK2/RSK3/RSK4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB10880

Host/Isotype	Clonality	Applications	MW (kDa)	Reactivity
Rabbit IgG	Polyclonal	WB, ELISA	83	Human, Mouse

Applications Dilutions

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

WB(Western Blotting)	1:500-2000
ELISA(Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay)	1:5000-20000

Product Information

Conjugate	Unconjugate		
Specificity	RSK1/RSK2/RSK3/RSK4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of RSK1/RSK2/RSK3/RSK4 protein.		
Purification	Affinity purification		
Concentration	1mg/ml		
Format	Liquid		
Formulation	In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol		
Shipping	Gel Pack		
Storage	Store at -20°C least 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks		
UniProt ID	<u>Q15418, P51812, Q15349, Q9UK32</u>		
Entrez-Gene Id	<u>6195, 6197, 6196, 27330</u>		

Product Description

The p90 ribosomal S6 kinases (RSKs) comprise a family of serine/threonine kinases that lie at the terminus of the ERK pathway. In humans, the RSK family consists of four isoforms (RSK1 to-4). RSK family members are unusual among serine/threonine kinases in that they contain two distinct kinase domains, both of which are catalytically functional. Theses kinase domains are activated in a sequential manner by a series of phosphorylations. RSK regulates gene expression via association and phosphorylation of transcriptional regulators including c-Fos, estrogen receptor, NFkappaB/IkappaB alpha, cAMP-response element-binding protein (CREB). ERK activates the C-terminal kinase of RSK, leading to activation of the N-terminal kinase. Members of the RSK family are present in the cytoplasm as well as the nucleus. Addition of growth factor to the cells results in the activation of both cytosolic and nuclear RSK and the translocation of the cytosolic RSK into the nucleus upon activation. The activation and nuclear translocation of RSK result in phosphorylation and activation of transcription factors.

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