

Product Datasheet

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DCAMKL1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB11752

Host/Isotype	Clonality	Applications	MW (kDa)	Reactivity
Rabbit IgG	Polyclonal	WB	82	Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications Dilutions

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. 1:500-2000

WB(Western Blotting)

Product Information

Conjugate Unconjugate

Specificity DCAMKL1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of DCAMKL1 protein.

Purification Affinity purification

Concentration 1mg/ml **Format** Liquid

Formulation In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol

Gel Pack Shipping

Store at -20°C least 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Storage

Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks

UniProt ID O15075 **Entrez-Gene ID** 9201

Product Description

This gene encodes a member of the protein kinase superfamily and the doublecortin family. The protein encoded by this gene contains two N-terminal doublecortin domains, which bind microtubules and regulate microtubule polymerization, a C-terminal serine/threonine protein kinase domain, which shows substantial homology to Ca2+/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase, and a serine/proline-rich domain in between the doublecortin and the protein kinase domains, which mediates multiple protein-protein interactions. The microtubulepolymerizing activity of the encoded protein is independent of its protein kinase activity. The encoded protein is involved in several different cellular processes, including neuronal migration, retrograde transport, neuronal apoptosis and neurogenesis. This gene is up-regulated by brain-derived neurotrophic factor and associated with memory and general cognitive abilities. Multiple transcript variants generated by two alternative promoter usage and alternative splicing have been reported, but the full-length nature and biological validity of some variants have not been defined. These variants encode different isoforms, which are differentially expressed and have different kinase activities.