

Phospho-SGTA (Ser305) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB13321

Host/Isotype	Clonality	Applications	MW (kDa)	Reactivity
Rabbit IgG	Polyclonal	WB, IHC-P, ELISA	34	Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications Dilutions

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

WB (Western Blotting)	1:500-2000
IHC-P (Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin)	1:50-300
ELISA (Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay)	1:5000-20000

Product Information

Conjugate	Unconjugate
Specificity	Phospho-SGTA (Ser305) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SGTA protein only when phosphorylated at Ser305.
Purification	Affinity purification
Concentration	1mg/ml
Format	Liquid
Formulation	In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol.
Shipping	Gel Pack
Storage	Store at -20°C least 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks.
UniProt ID	Q43765
Entrez-Gene ID	6449

Product Description

SGTA (small glutamine-rich tetratricopeptide repeat (TPR)-containing protein A or alpha), also known as SGT, hSGT or UBP (Vpu-binding protein), is a ubiquitously expressed protein that contains three TPR protein-protein interaction repeats. SGTA is believed to function as a component of the androgen receptor (AR)-chaperone-co-chaperone complex, acting as a co-chaperone involved in androgen signaling. More specifically, SGTA binds to the hinge region of the AR functions to retain the AR in the cytoplasm, thereby inhibiting androgen signaling. In addition, SGTA functions as a co-chaperone for HSP 90 and HSP 70, two proteins known to participate in apoptosis. On the basis of its role in apoptosis and androgen signaling, SGTA is a potential candidate for PCOS (polycystic ovary syndrome), a disorder characterized by androgen excess, obesity and menstrual disturbances. SGTA also interacts with the nonstructural Parvovirus protein NS1 and the HIV-1 proteins Vpu and Gag.