

Product Datasheet

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RANKL/TRANCE/TNFSF11 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB14056

Host/Isotype	Clonality	Applications	MW (kDa)	Reactivity
Rabbit IgG	Polyclonal	WB, IHC-P, IF/ICC, ELISA	35	Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications Dilutions

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

WB(Western Blotting)1:500-2000IHC-P(Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin)1:50-300IF/ICC(Immunofluorescence/Immunocytochemistry)1:50-300ELISA(Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay)1:5000-20000

Product Information

Conjugate Unconjugate

Specificity

RANKL/TRANCE/TNFSF11 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

RANKL/TRANCE/TNFSF11 protein.

Purification Affinity purification

Concentration1mg/mlFormatLiquid

Formulation In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol.

Shipping Gel Pack

Storage Storag

Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks.

 UniProt ID
 O14788

 Entrez-Gene ID
 8600

Product Description

RANKL (also designated TNFSF11, OPGL, TRANCE, CD254) is a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) cytokine family which is a ligand for osteoprotegerin and functions as a key factor for osteoclast differentiation and activation. This protein was shown to be a dentritic cell survival factor and is involved in the regulation of T cell-dependent immune response. T cell activation was reported to induce expression of this gene and lead to an increase of osteoclastogenesis and bone loss. This protein was shown to activate antiapoptotic kinase AKT/PKB through a signaling complex involving SRC kinase and tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor (TRAF) 6, which indicated this protein may have a role in the regulation of cell apoptosis. Targeted disruption of the related gene in mice led to severe osteopetrosis and a lack of osteoclasts. The deficient mice exhibited defects in early differentiation of T and B lymphocytes, and failed to form lobulo-alveolar mammary structures during pregnancy. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found.