

PKCβII Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB21549

| Host/Isotype | Clonality | Applications | MW (kDa) | Reactivity |
|--------------|------------|---------------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Rabbit IgG | Monoclonal | WB, IP, IHC-P, IF/ICC, FC | 77 | Human, Mouse, Rat |

Applications Dilutions

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

| | |
|--|------------|
| WB (Western Blotting) | 1:500-2000 |
| IP (Immunoprecipitation) | 1:10-100 |
| IHC-P (Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin) | 1:50-200 |
| IF/ICC (Immunofluorescence/Immunocytochemistry) | 1:50-200 |
| FC (Flow Cytometry) | 1:10-100 |

Product Information

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|-----------------------|---|
| Conjugate | Unconjugate |
| Specificity | PKCβII Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKCβII protein. |
| Purification | Affinity purification |
| Concentration | 1mg/ml |
| Format | Liquid |
| Formulation | In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol |
| Shipping | Gel Pack |
| Storage | Store at -20°C least 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks |
| UniProt ID | P05771-2 |
| Entrez-Gene Id | 5579 |

Product Description

PKCβ (also designated PKC beta, PRKCB) is a family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC family members also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play a distinct role in cells. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. This protein kinase has been reported to be involved in many different cellular functions, such as B cell activation, apoptosis induction, endothelial cell proliferation, and intestinal sugar absorption. Studies in mice also suggest that this kinase may also regulate neuronal functions and correlate fear-induced conflict behavior after stress. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been reported.

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